SOV/137-58-9-19407

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 9, p 180 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Ustimova, V.N.

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TITLE: Utilization of Radioactive Isotopes for the Study of Diffusion of

Sulfur (Primeneniye radioaktivnykh izotopov dlya izucheniya

diffuzii sery)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Mashinostroitel' Belorussii. Nr 4. Minsk, 1957, pp

159-161

ABSTRACT: With the aid of radioactive S<sup>35</sup> the distribution of S in the

surface layer of sulfidized specimens of grey iron and Armco-Fe was investigated. Cylindrical specimens between the butt ends of which the S-saturating compound was packed, were pressed in pairs into steel sleeves which were heated in a retort furnace at  $540^{\circ}$ C for three hours. Then the specimens were unpacked, washed in a hot NaOH solution, and rubbed with alcohol. The distribution of S was determined by the layer-by-layer radiometric analysis on a "B" type installation with an end-window gas counter of  $\beta$  radiation. The S saturation

was conducted in two media: 1) In a sulfocyaniding bath (90% Lard 1/2 K4Fe(CN)6, 10% NaOH, and 5% over 100% of FeS2); 2) in a

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001858220005-0"

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SOV/137-58-9-19407

Utilization of Radioactive Isotopes for the Study of Diffusion of Sulfur

pyrite, FeS2 bath. It is established that in the first bath the depth of penetration of S in Armco-Fe and in grey iron constitutes 0.03 and 0.04 mm, respectively. In the second bath this depth is somewhat greater and constitutes 0.035 mm for Armco-Fe and 0.06 mm for grey iron. The curves of the depthwise distribution of S bear a resemblance to the curves of the dis-

M.Sh.

1. Iron--Processing 2. Sulfur -- Diffusion 3. Sulfur isotopes (Radiosusive) -- Certorman e 4. Diffusion-Test results

Card 2/2

. Country

USSR

Category

Forestry. Forest Cultures.

K

Abs Jour

RZhBiol., No 6, 1959, No 24747

Author

Inst Title Ustimovs ka, L. T. Chrainian Academy of Agricultural Sciences. Effect of Forest Plantations on the Harvest

of Agricultural Products.

Orig Pub

Dopovid Ukr, akad, sil's'kogospod, nauk, 1958.

No. 2, 56-59

Abstract

Field-shelter forest belts and the gully forests in Belovodskiy Rayon of Luganskaya Ob-last (Ukrainian SSR) in 1955, a year favorable for wetting down the soil, showed a positive effect. Harvest of the winter wheat under the protection of the forest belt at a distance of 30 altitudes of the wood stand was larger by 5.2 c/ha; harvest of the winter rye, by 3.6 c/ha. The number of grains in the spike and their abso-

Card

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54

· Country USSR

K Forestry. Forest Cultures. Category

RZhBiol., No 6, 1959, No 24747 Abs Jour

Author Inst Title

Orig Pub

lute weight were also larger. Forest plan-Abstract

tations, located on the southern and eastern sides of the fields proved to be most effective. The greatest effect on the harvest was noted on the southern slope, protecting the fields from the east, -- V. I. Klimov

Card 2/2

EMD

ustin, B. K.

Cigarette Industry

New construction of a mechanical automatic stop for Semenov mouthpiece machines. Tabak 13 No. 4, 1952.

Monthly Listof Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, Cctober 1952. UNCLASSIFIED.

FROLKIN, S. [translator]; USTIN, P., red.

[Eighth All-Chinese Congress of Trade Unions; papers and documents] VIII Vsekitaiskii s"ezd profesciuzov; materialy i dokumenty. Moskva, Profizdat, 1958. 357 p. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Vsekitayskiy s"yesd professional nykh soyuzov. 8th, Peking, 1957. (China--Trade unions)

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action process for thermally stable aproved serviceability (UkrNIIspets	allow
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melting. The optimal uniformity of macr	ostruc
	ectrodes over forged ones are descrating. The process is simplified od. The optimal uniformity of macr kiloamperes and U = 24.5-25.0 v. be lowered from 20 to 1012%.

USTINCHIK, A. K., Cand Agr Sci -- (diss) "Principal reserves in the increase of productivity of sugar beets under the conditions of the increase of blast." Odessa, 1960. 22 pp; (Ministry of Agricul-Kirovogradskaya oblast." Odessa, 1960. 22 pp; (Ministry of Agricul-ture Ukrainian SSR, Odessa Agricultural Inst); 20C copies; price not given; (KL, 17-60, 164)

USTINENKO, Anna Yevgen'yevna, svinarka; SELEZNEV, N.G., red.; PULIN,
L.I., tekhn.red.

,我们也是我们的问题,我们就是是一个人的人,我们就是这个人的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就不是我们的人,我们就不会会一个人,我们就不会会一个

[I'll carry out my plans; from work practices] Zadumannoe osushchestvliu; iz opyta raboty. Tule, Tul'skoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960. 13 p. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Sovkhoz "Novo-Medvenskiy" Leninskogo rayona (for Ustinenko). (Swine---Feeding and feeds)

PILLING minod areas with wastes from an ore-dressing plant. Gor.zhur.
no.3:59-61 Mr '56. (Mime filling) (MLRA 9:7)

MANDZHIKOV, F.Ch.; SAVINKOV, B.N.; USTINENKO, L.P.

Unit for making one story-high concrete ventilation blocks. Suggested by F.Ch.Mandzhikov, B.N.Savinkov, L.P.Ustinenko. Rats.i izobr.predl. v stroi. no.10:32-36 59. (HIRA 12:11)

1. Po materialam tresta Metallurgstroy Kuybyshevskogo sovnarkhoza. (Concrete slabs)

USTINENEKO, L. V.

The Acoustic Field of a Uniformly Moving Point Source of Sound

到的使用的**证明的现在分**形的的知识,但是不是的问题,但是可能是这种的人,是是是一个人的人,也是一个人的人,也是一个人的人,也是是一个人的人,也是是一个人的人,也是

The problem of finding the field of velocities, generated by a uniform and rectilinear motion of a point source of sound in a compressible fluid, with relation to the immobile terrestrial surface, is solved. The equipotential surfaces appear to be ellipsoids or hyperboloids of revolution, depending on the ratio of source velocity to velocity of propation. (RZhFiz, No. 8, 1955) Sb. Nauch. Tr. Kharkovsk. in-ta Inzh. Kommun. Stroitel'stva, No. 5, 1954, 143-159.

SO: Sum. No. 744, 8 Dec 55 - Supplementary Survey of Soviet Scientific Abstracts (17)

SOV/124-58-2 1665

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 2, p 25 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Ustinenko L V. [Ustynenko L. V.]

TITLE: The Acoustic Field of a Sound Source Engaged in a Nonuniform

Motion (Akusticheskoye pole neravnomerno dvizhushchegosya

istochnika zvuka) in Ukrainian

PERIODICAL: Nauk, pratsi Kharkivsk, in t inzh. komun, budivnytstva, 1956, Nr 7, pp 177-183

ABSTRACT: The article considers the field produced by a source of arbitrary shape and size and moving with a subsonic velocity.

The concept of a center of source intensity is introduced,

as follows:

 $r_c = \frac{1}{Q} \int q \overline{r} ds$   $(q = \frac{dQ}{ds})$ 

where Q is a function determining the strength and directional characteristics of the source. The value of the velocity potential

Card 1/2 in an arbitrary point of the field is recorded in the form of a

SOV/124 - 58 - 2 - 1665

The Accoustic Field of a Sound Source Engaged in a Nonuniform Motion

potential which would correspond to the sound produced by a point source having the same strength and directional characteristics.

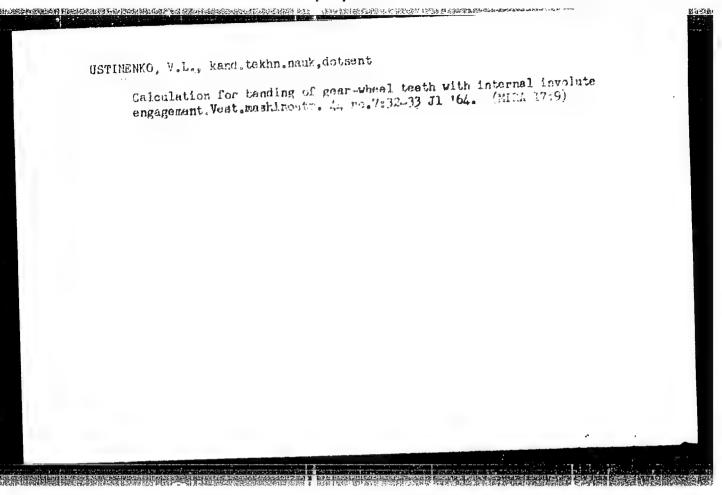
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Card 2/2

USTINENKO, V.L., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent

Effect of some factors on bending stresses in gear teeth. Vest.
mashinostr. 42 no.11:33-35 N '62. (MIRA 15:11)

(Gearing)



USTINIENKO, W.L., doc., k.n.t. [Ustinenko, V.L.]

Calculation of bending resistance for inner teeth. Przegl mech 23 no. 21:631-632 10 N '64.

USTININKOV, B. A., Cand Tech Sci -- (diss) "Investigation of conditions of pulping starchy raw material at reduced temperatures."

Michurinsk, 1960. 24 pp with graphs; (Ministry of Higher and Secondary Specialist Education USSR, Moscow Technological Inst of Food Industry);

150 copies; price not given; (KL, 51-60, 119)

ACC NR: AP6027630

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0145/66/000/006/0102/0106

AUTHOR: Ustinkin, N. D. (Engineer)

ORG: None

97937-67

TITLE: A stand for field studies of high-speed ground cutting

SOURCE: IVUZ. Mashinostroyeniye, no. 6, 1966, 102-106

TOPIC TAGS: construction machinery, excavating machinery, soil mechanics

ABSTRACT: The author describes a stand developed in 1964 in the Construction Machine Department of the Moscow Civil Engineering Institute for studying the process of ground cutting at high speeds. The energy of a freely falling weight is used for generating tractive force. This method may be used for developing high cutting speeds without requirements for a powerful drive mechanism since the weight may be raised slowly. Cutting speeds of 10-15 m/sec may be achieved for testing elementary cutting tools and cutting perimeters of various shapes with motion picture photography of the earth removal process. Cutting speed is oscillographically recorded together with the tangential and normal components of resistance to establish the relationship between cutting resistance and speed. The stand (see figure) is based on the M4043 forklift truck equipped with a boom. The unit consists of dynamometric trolley 1, connected to weight 2 by wire cable 3, track 4, guide frame 5, forklift truck 6, rings 7 suspended from with counterweight 9 for holding the hooks on the ring, a tripping device which con-

Card 1/3

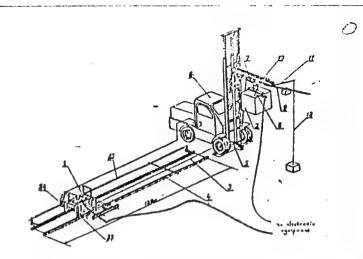
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18

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ACC NR: AP6027630

sists of hook 10 which supports the bracket and trip lever 11 connected by a cable to hook 10. The load may be dropped either manually by pulling the cable connected to the trip lever or automatically during raising of the weight by means of height limiter 12. Pulling the cable rotates trip lever 11 clockwise and pulls support hook 10 away from the lift boom which disengages bracket 9. The bracket is turned by the counterweight around a hinge on ring 7 and thus releases hooks  $\theta$ . The hooks slip



from the ring and the weight falls. A diagram of the dynamometric trolley is given together with a detailed description. The trolley contains a pickup which sends a signal proportional to the cutting speed to an oscillograph. The curve on the oscillogramhas a slope proportional to the cutting speed. This recording may be used to determine the acceleration of the trolley at any point by graphic differentiation. Weights of 300-3000 kg may be raised to a maximum height of 4 m. Tests of the stand showed satis-

Card 2/3

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ACC NR. AP6027630	- · · ·
factory operational characteristics. The article was presented for publication Doctor of technical sciences, Professor N. G. Dombrovskiy, Moscow Civil Engineer Institute. Orig. art. has: 3 figures.	by ring
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### USTINNIKOV, B.A.

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Closing devices for the prevention of contamination. Spirt. prom. 23 no.2:28-31 57. (MIRA 10:4)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut spirtovoy promyshlennosti.

(Distilling industries -- Equipment and supplies)

USTINNIKOV, B.A.; LEVCHIK, A.P.; NECHIPORENKO, A.A.

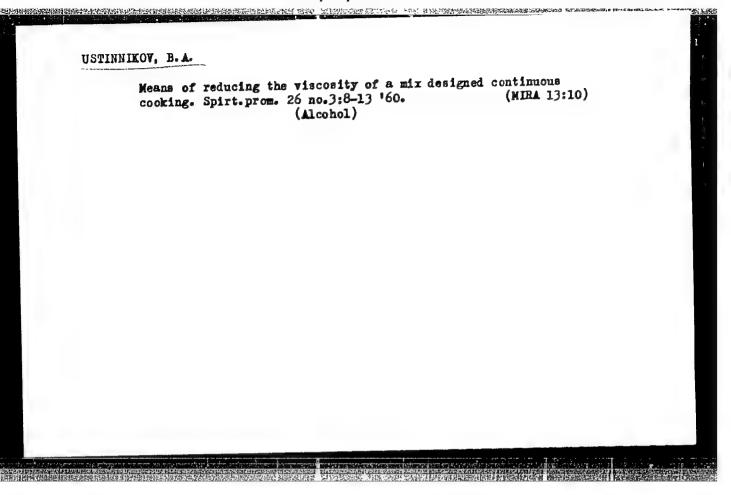
Not grinding of grain in hammer mills. Spirt. prom. 24 no.1:34-35

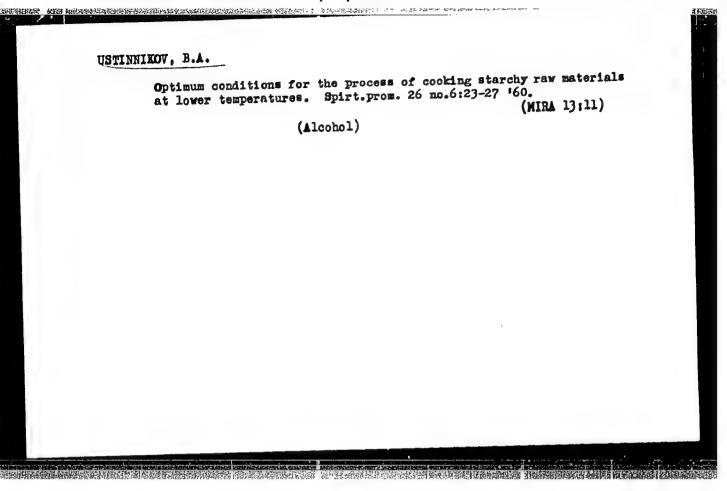
158. (MIRA 11:3)

(Grain-milling machinery)

USTINNIKOV, B.A.; NECHIPONENKO, A.A.

Continuous cooking of starchy raw materials at the Michurinsk Alcohol Plant. Spirt.prom. 25 no.1:25-28 '59. (MIHA 12:2) (Michurinsk-Alcohol)





YAROVENKO, V.L.; USTINNIKOV, B.A.; FYKHOVA, S.V.; LAZAREVA, A.N.

Testing and improvement of the technological flow sneet for the combined processing of potatoes to starch and alcohol in the combined processing of potatoes to starch and alcohol in the michaelman description of the combined processing of potatoes to starch and alcohol in the combined processing proc

YARCVENKO, V.L.; USTINNIKOV, B.A.; PYKHOVA, S.V.; LAZAREVA, A.N.; KUCHEROVA, E.A.,

Utilization of the cellular juice of potatoes in the combined production of starch and alcohol. Trudy TSNIISP no. 13:3-10 (MIRA 17:5)

YAROVENKO, V.L.; PYKHOVA, S.V.; USTINNIKOV, B.A.; LAZAREVA, A.N.; MAKEYEV, D.M.

Fermentative hydrolysis of starch in continuous alcohol fermentation. Ferm.i spirt.prom. 31 no.1:5-10 '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut fermentnoy i spirtovoy promyshlennosti.

USTINNIKOV, B.A.; ERIGADENKO, M.K.; MASIMOUKINA, R.S.

Flow sheet for sugar beet processing to alcohol. Ferm. i spirt.
(MIRA 18:5)

REPLEMBER IN THE STREET WAS VERSTRESSED BOUNDERS BEING SERVER WAS ALLEST FOR STREET

prom. 31 no.4:14-17 \*65. (MRA 1 1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel\*skiy institut fermentnoy i spirtovoy promyshlennosti.

YAROVENKO, V.L.; USTINNIKOV, B.A.; LEVCHIK, A.P.; NECHIPORENKO, A.A.

Frocessing of sugar beets in a mixture with grain and potato raw materials and molasses. Ferm. i spirt. prom. 31 no.6:37-40 '65.

(MIRA 18:9)

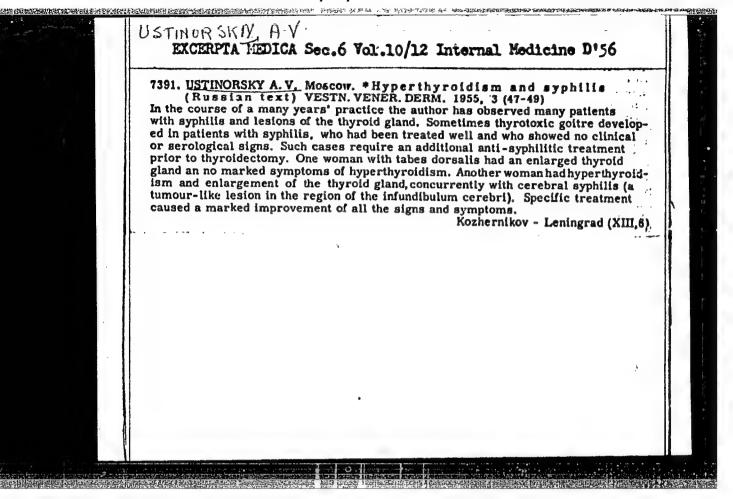
- 1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut fermentnoy
- i spirtovoy promyshlennosti (for Yarovenko, Ustinnikov).
- 2. Michurinskiy spirtozavod (for Levchik, Nechiporenko).

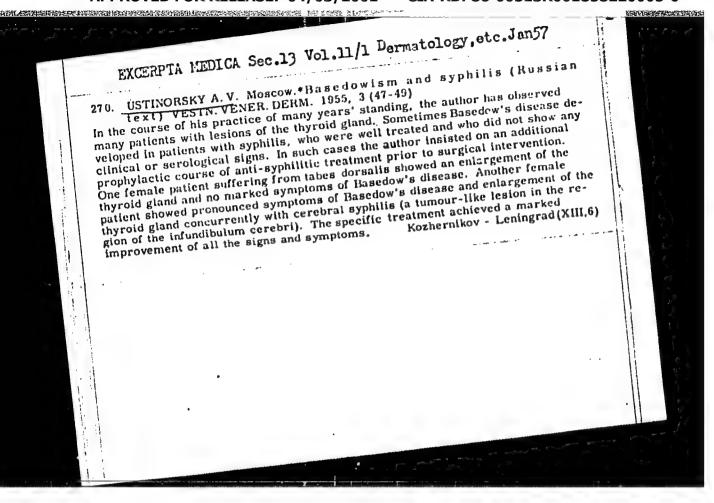
FREMEL!, V. B.; LOSYAKOVA, L. S.; USTINNIKOVA, Yu. N.

Use of flour and distilling wash concentrate for the production of feed terramycin. Spirt. prom. 28 no.8:25-26 '62. (MIRA 16:1)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut spirtovoy promyshlennosti.

(Oxytetracycline)





- 1. Ustinov, A. A., Eng.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 1. Cricultural Machinery
- 7. Machine for setting up mechanical windbreaks in sandy regions, Les i step¹, 14, No. 11, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, February 1953, Unclassified.

"Root (Gall) Nematodes in the U. S. S. R.," in <u>Collected Works on Nematodes of Agricultural Crops</u>, State Publishing House of Kolkhoz and Sovkhoz Literature, Novcow, 1939, pp. 26-64. 464.35 K63

30: SIRA, SI 90-53, 15 December 1753

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## "ew in the study of the gall nematode - # deroder. marioni" (Corm., 1879) Geometric (Piologicheskii Institut Ker'kovakogo Gostdarstvancogo Universiteta). 11...5-457.

S0: Collection of morks on Ne atodes of Agricultural Flants, bc. by a. J. Kir'yanava, Gosizdat. Kolkhoz i Sovkhoz Lit., 1937, hoscow-Leningrad (75 632.5).
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USTIFCV, A. A.

Ustinov, A. A. and Citrofuncv, F. I. "Centing of new regarde companie in the control of the gal nematods." (Alkhanskais Earantinasia La oratoria). pp. 36 -air.

SO: Collection of Morks on Menatodes of Agricultural Flants, bi. by m. J. hir Tyanova, Gosizdat. Kolkhoz i Lovkhoz Lit., 1939, Poscow-Leningrad M/S 63..5 ..6

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USTINCY, A. A.

"The root-knot negatode <u>Net-regions marient</u> (Corm.) in the U.S. J. E. " (Next) to of the Flant-Quarantine Administration work in the U.S.J.).

SO: Collection of Works on Penatoges of Agricultural Flants, Ed. by L. J. Kir yanova, Gosizdat. Kolkhoz i Sovkhoz Lit., 1939, Rescow-Leningrad ", 5 (32.5).06
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UST INOV, A. A.

"New Aspects in the Study of the Root-Knot Nematode <u>Heterodera</u> marioni (Cornu 1379) Goodey," Trudy Zool. Inst., Izdat Ak Nauk SSSR, **9**, No.2, 1951

Translation A-46584, 10 Oct 55

Georgaficheskern istered ivent! callowy negatedy, "Morbs or Web initial creation the 75th Birthday of K. I. Skryabin, Izdat, Akad. Mani, 537, 1953, reso Ti. Sci, Res. Inst. of Biology, Kharikov State University

MOLDAVSKAYA, V.D.; TISHCHENKO, O.D.; USTINOV, A.A.; HOSHENSKAYA, F.A.; ZALKIND, L.B.; MIKHAYLOV, A.A.; TSUKANOV, A.K.; HATSUKA, A.G.

Bradication of malaria in a city in Southern Ukraina. Med. parazit., Moskva no.3:232-237 May-June 1953. (CLNL 25:1)

1. Of the Ukrainian Institute of Malaria and Medical Parasitology (Director -- I. A. Demchenko), Stalino and Zhdanov Anti-Malarial Stations.

USTINOV, A.A.

Morphological, ecological, and physiological characteristics of different populations of root knot nematodes. Trudy probl. i tem. soveshch. no.3:48-69 154.

(MIRA 8:5)

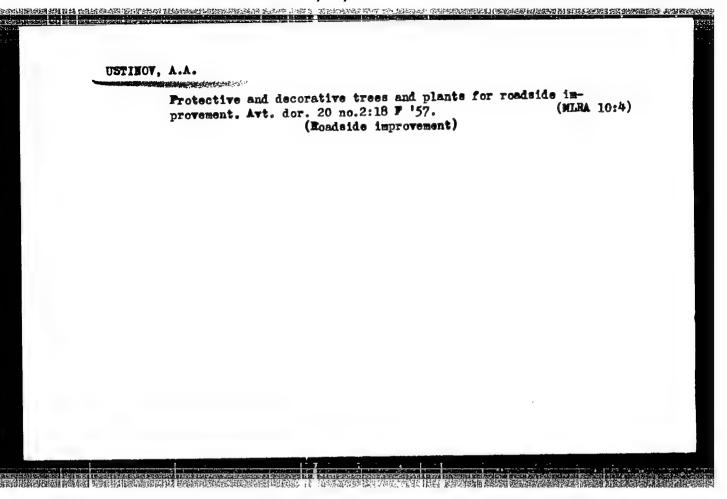
1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut biologii Khar'kovskogo Gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. A.M.Gor'kogo. (Root knot) (Nematoda)

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USTINOV, A.A.

l. Wauchne-issledevatel'skiy institut bielegii Khar'kevskege gesudarstvennege universiteta.

(Nemateda)



USTINOV, Aleksandr Aleksandrovich, doktor biolog.nauk; MEDVEDEV, S.I., prof., otv.red.; MESTERENKO, A.S., red.; CHURIY, Ye.V., tekhred...

[Gall nematode; a monograph on agronomic helminthology] Gallovaia nematoda; monografiia po agronomicheskoi gal'mintologii. Khar'kov, Izd-vo Khar'kovskogo gos.univ., 1959. 292 p. (MIRA 13:5) (Nematode diseases of plants)

USTINOV, A.A., doktor biolog.nauk; KOZYREV, G.S., dotsent, kand.biolog.

"Hematological atlas of farm and laboratory animals" by V.N.
Nikitin. Reviewed by A.A.Ustinov, G.S.Kozyrev. Veterinariia 36
no.5:85-86 Je "59.
(Veterinary medicine) (Blood-Diseases)

(Wikitin, V.N.)

USTINOV, A.A., doktor biolog.nauk; ZIHOV'YEV, V.G., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Diseases of clover caused by nematodes. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 5 no. 8:54-55 Ag '60. (MIRA 13:12)

1. Khar'kovskiy universitet (for Zinov'yev). (Glover--Diseases and pests) (Nematoda)

USTINOV, A.A., doktor biolog.nauk; TERESHCHENKO, Ye.F. [deceased]

Stem mematode of potatoes. Zashch.rast.ot vred.i bol. 4
no.6:29-31 N-D '59. (MIRA 15:11)
(Potatoes--Diseases and pests) (Nematode diseases of plants)

USTINOV, A.A.; Prinimali uchastiye: IL'INA, N.I.; LIPOVETSKIY, G.S.

Use of glass plastics in orthopedia. Plast.massy no.8:70 '62.

(MIRA 15:7)

(Orthopedic apparatus) (Glass reinforced plastics)

USTINOV, A.A.; ZINOV'YEV, V.G.

Grain nematodes. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 6 no.4:24-25
Ap '6l.

(Grain-Diseases and pests)
(Nematode diseases and plants)

SOV/112-57-9-18789

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotekhnika, 1957, Nr 9,

pp 106-107 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Ustinov, A. A.

TITLE: Methods for Electric-Motor Power Selection on a Heating Basis for Short-Time Duty With a Limited Number of Cycles (Metodika vybora moshchnosti elektrodvigatelya po nagrevu dlya povtorno-kratkovremennogo rezhima raboty pri ogranichennom chisle tsiklov)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Leningr. in-t aviats. priborostr., 1956, Nr 12, pp 44-49

ABSTRACT: With a limited number of cycles under short-time-rating conditions, the motor temperature does not attain its permissible temperature rise if the motor was selected on its short-time-rating basis for an unlimited number of startings. For correct thermal utilization of the motor, a method of motor selection is offered that involves successive approximations. The motor initially selected from a catalog on the continuous-duty basis should be checked against the following coefficients: (1) a coefficient of thermal loading

Card 1/2

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SOV/112-57-9-18789

Methods for Electric-Motor Power Selection on a Heating Basis for Short-Time .

 $p_{m}^{'} = \frac{s}{T_{p}}$  where  $T_{s}^{''}$  is a steady-state value of the temperature rise of the motor continuously loaded with power P during a time longer than  $\partial T_{s}^{''}$  is the permissible temperature rise of the motor for a given insulation class; (2) a coefficient of mechanical overload  $P_{M}^{'} \approx \sqrt{P_{m}^{''}}$ .

If the selected motor does not satisfy conditions (1) and (2), the next motor from the same series is selected and checked again. To determine  $\mathcal{T}_{\mathfrak{I}}$  (and consequently the coefficients  $P_{\mathfrak{I}}^{l}$  and  $P_{\mathfrak{M}}^{l}$ ), the time constants of heating and cooling of the motors in question should be known.

M.I.K.

Card 2/2

SOV/112-57-9-18678

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotekhnika, 1957, Nr 9, p 84 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Ustinov, A. A.

TITLE: The Problem of Reducing Residual Magnetism in Electrical Machinery (K voprosu snizheniya ostatochnogo namagnicheniya v elektricheskikh mashinakh)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Leningr. in-t aviats. priborostr., 1956, Nr 12, pp 50-67

ABSTRACT: To reduce the residual magnetism and additional AC magnetization in electrical machinery (specifically in amplidynes), the so-called "magnetic shaking" can be used. As the fundamental component of residual magnetism is due to the coercitive force of the yoke, the main AC demagnetizing winding is placed on the yoke. In addition, an AC winding is placed on the poles in such a way that the alternating magnetic flux in the air gap is equal to zero, and is at maximum in the yoke. This results in reduction of residual voltage by 80% without distorting the voltage wave-shape on the machine output. A method for determining optimum ampere-turns for "magnetic shaking" is given. Results of experimental verification of the method are presented.

I. Ya. B.

Card 1/1

SOV/112-60-2-3.571

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Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal Elektrotekhnika, 1960, Nr 2, pp 105 -106 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Ustinov, A.A.

TITLE:

Principles of Selecting a Dynamo and Calculation of Winding

Parameters of a Regenerative Amplidyne

PERIODICAL:

Tr. Leningr, in-t aviats, priborostr,, 1958, Nr 26, pp 68 - 80

ABSTRACT:

The Generator-Motor (G-M) system with a regenerative amplidyne (of longitudinal field) is often used to regulate the rotating speed of motors within broad limits at sufficiently rigid mechanical characteristics. Equations relating to the amplification factor of the amplidyne with the design parameters of a dynamo are given. To make an amplidyne it is advisable to select a dynamo with the maximum transconductance of

magnetization characteristics and the minimum residual voltage. Methods of calculating control winding parameters of the amplidyne in the G-M circuit are given, based on the condition of ob-

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taining the desired static characteristics. It is assumed that

SOV/112-60-2-3.571

Principles of Selecting a Dynamo and Calculation of Winding Parameters of a Regenerative Amplidyne

the rotating speeds of the generator and the amplidyne are constant and all electric machines are compensated. When rigid feedbacks by current and voltage of the generator are used and also when winding parameters of the amplidyne are properly calculated, rigid mechanical characteristics of the motor are obtained.

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SOV/110-59-3-2/25

of the operation and the control of the control of

AUTHOR: Ustinov, A.A. (Engineer)

. TITLE: Methods of Improving the Characteristics of Direct

Current Driving Motors for Automatic Speed Control Systems

(Sposob uluchsheniya kharakteristik privodnykh

dvigateley postoyannogo toka sistem avtomaticheskogo

regulirovaniya skorosti)

PERIODICAL: Vestnik Elektropromyshlennosti, 1959, Nr 3. pp 3-8 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The use of electrical machine automatic devices in

automatic speed control systems of direct current motors often does not ensure that the driving motors have sufficiently good characteristics. One of the main reasons for this is the presence of remanent voltage in the generators and amplidynes used in the automatic speed control systems. Several methods are used to reduce the remanent magnetism of amplidynes but they all have their

disadvantages: the use of cold rolled steel greatly increases the cost of the amplidynes; the use of magnetic

shunts to provide a return path for the remanent flux increases the zone of insensitivity of the amplidyne; the use of rigid feed back on the amplidyne voltage

Card 1/4 reduces the amplification factor of the amplidyne:

到更数数据的重要性的特殊的形态。在全线的技术和自然的影响的对话的影响,但是有关的信息。他们的影响,这一个行为对话,但是他的影响的影响,但是是是<mark>是一种是一种是一种是一种是一种的影响的影响,是是一种的</mark>

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Methods of Improving the Characteristics of Direct Current Driving Motors for Automatic Speed Control Systems

annealing of the magnetic system of the amplidyne can reduce the coercive force by reducing the internal stresses due to cold working but the equipment required is rather complicated. The passage of power frequency alternating current through a special winding mounted on the magnetic system of the amplidyne can reduce the remanent voltage but this method too has a considerable number of disadvantages. The following method has been found to overcome the defects of the a.c. magnetisation system. Since the main component of the remanent magnetism of the amplidyne is due to the coercive force of the armature the main a.c. demagnetising winding is located on the amplidyne armature. In this case the magnetic flux in the air gap of the amplidyne contains harmonic components. To overcome this there is applied to the poles of the amplidyne an alternating magnetic flux with the frequency of the pulsating flux and of equal amplitude which opposes the flux set up by the main a.c. winding. A theoretical explanation of the mechanism by which this reduces the

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SOV/110-59-3-2/25

Methods of Improving the Characteristics of Direct Current Driving Motors for Automatic Speed Control Systems

remanent magnetism is then given. The theoretical explanation was fully confirmed by the results of practical tests, which are plotted graphically in Fig. 2, which give the remanent voltage as a function of the armature ampere/turns. A complete hysteresis cycle taken during magnetisation of a test amplidyne to 0.95 of the rated voltage is given in fig. 3. The remanent voltage of the amplidyne is a minimum when the alternating magnetic flux in the machine air gap is practically absent. The output wave shape of the amplidyne voltage for this condition is shown in the oscillogram of fig.4 and for comparison fig.5 gives a corresponding oscillogram when no steps are taken to reduce the remanent magnetism. A method of determining the best number of a.c. amp turns to apply to the armature and poles is then explained. Formulae are given for the characteristics of the winding and for the currents that should flow in them. It is concluded that the method described can considerably improve the

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SOV/110-59-3-2/25

Methods of Improving the Characteristics of Direct Current Driving Motors for Automatic Speed Control Systems

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characteristics of electric driving motors for automatic speed control systems of direct current motors. The use in some amplidynes of a cross-field method of reducing the remanent voltage, combined with suitably designed a.c. magnetising windings can give an analogous result. There are 6 figures and 2 Soviet references.

Card 4/4

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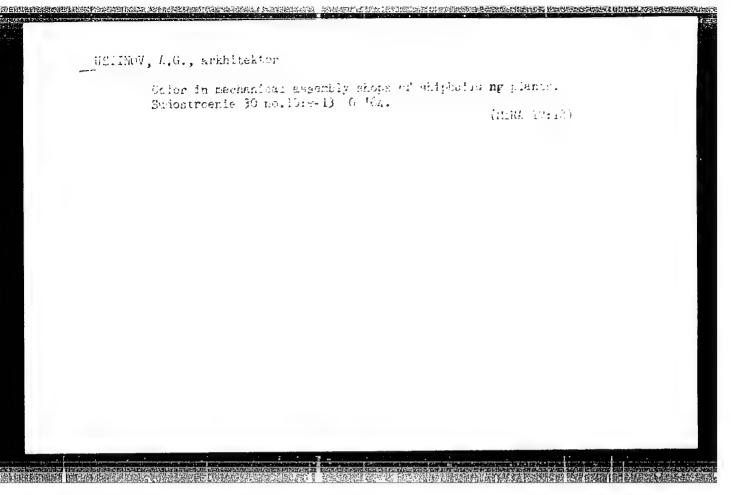
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USTINOV, A. I., inzh.

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KURBATSKIY, I.L., inzh.; PETROV, I.P., inzh.; USTINOV, A.I., inzh.; CHERNYY, A.A., inzh.; MURZIN, V.G., inzh.; ZHITOMIRSKIY, M.B., inzh.

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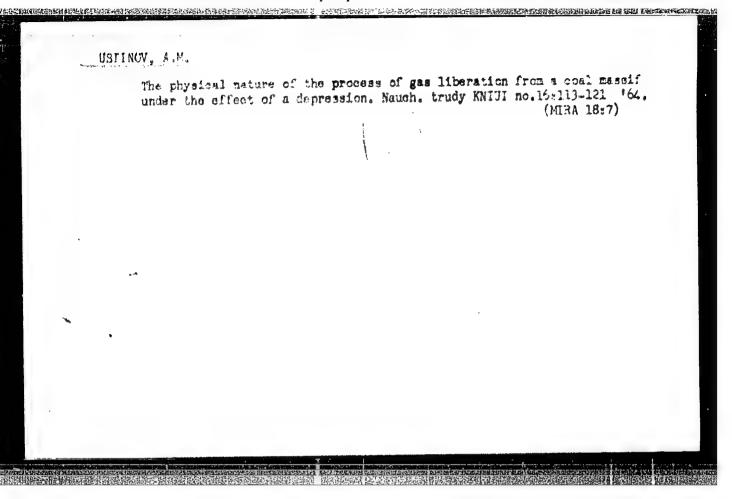
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SHNAYDMAN, M.I.; BOYKO, A.A., retsenzent; SUROVA, V.A.,

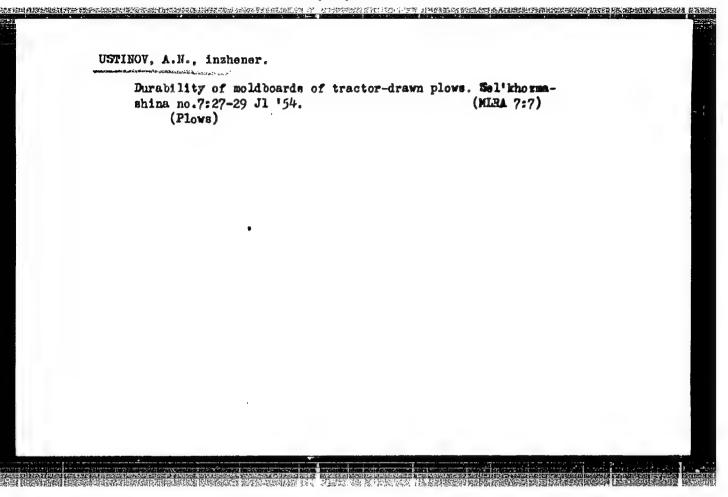
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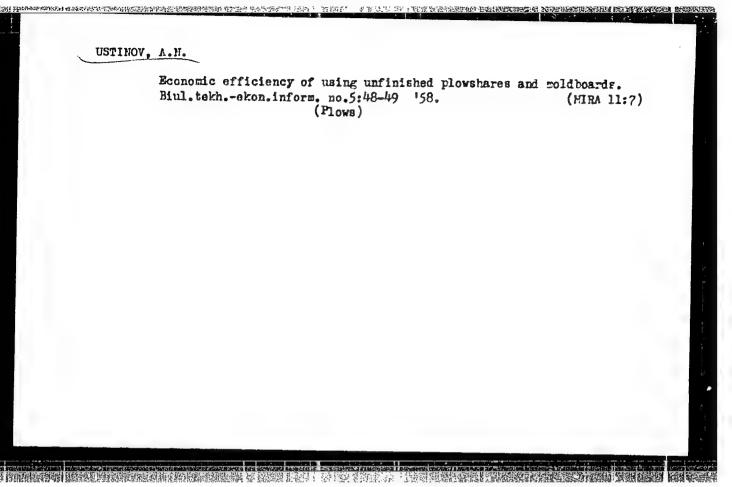
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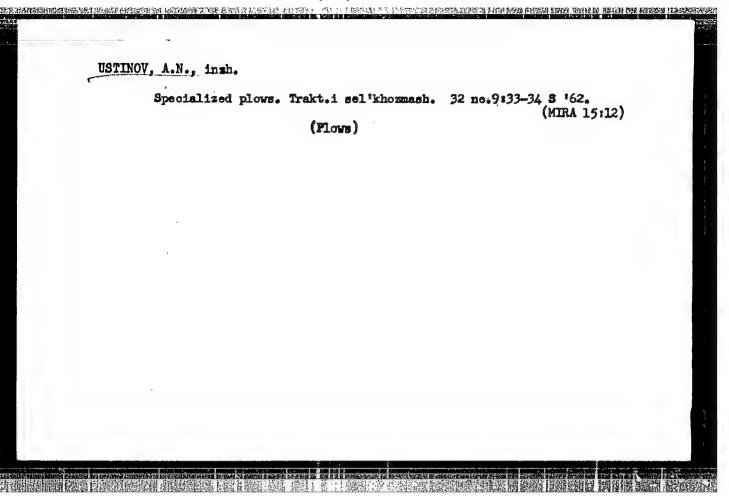
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BAKLANOV, G.I., prof.; IVANOV, A.I., dots.; SHIFMAN, A.G., dots.; USTINOV, A.N., dots.; GRYAZNOV, V.I., red.; KAPRALOVA, A.A., tekhn. red.

[Statistics of an industrial enterprise] Statistika promyshlennogo predpriiatiia. Pod red. G.I.Baklanova. Moskva, Gosstatizdat TeSU SSSR, 1961. 434 p. (MIRA 14:12)

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Ustinen, A.P.

AUTHORS: Aleksandrov, A.A. and Ustinov, A.P.

94-1-16/24

TITIE:

A Roller-type Current Rectifier (Rolikovyy vypryamitel'

toka)

PERIODICAL: Promyshlennaya Energetika, 1958, pp. 33 - 34 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: This brief article describes mechanical rectifiers developed by the German firm Kalor-Emag in which the contact system includes rollers. The equipment is suitable for production of medium-voltage d.c., and can be paralleled with mercury-arc medium-voltage d.c., and can be paralleled with mercury-arc medium-voltage of the equipment principle is described and illus-rectifiers. The operating principle is described and illus-trated with reference to Fig.1. There are two stationary trated with reference to Fig.1. There are two stationary sectionalised contact rings which are bridged as required by moving rollers. Equipment for 4 000 A d.c. has 6 pairs of conmoving rollers. Equipment for 12 000 A is illustrated in Fig.2. tact segments. Equipment for 12 000 A is illustrated in Fig.2. The firm of Kalor-Emag manufactures two types of rectifier, one vertical, as illustrated in Fig.3, and the other a double horizontal arrangement, illustrated in Fig.4. The main characteristics of the equipment are tabulated. There are 4 figures.

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[Fuel feeding equipment on modern marine diesel engines] Toplivnsia apparaturs sovremennykh sudovykh dizelei. Leningrad. Izd-vo "Morskoi transport." 1959. 137 p.

(Marine diesel engines--Fuel systems)

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PA 42/49<sup>T</sup>78 USTINOV, A. U. Apr 49 USSR/Minerals Coal Coal Gas "Experimental Gasification of Borovichi Coal," A. U. Ustinov, A. S. Braginskiy, Engineers, 4 pp "Za Ekonomiyu Topliva" Vol VI, No h Casification of Borovichi coal is fully possible. Best results in gasification of Borovichi coal were obtained when using screened coal with a productivity of 17.5 tons a day. Gasification of Borovichi coal with low-melting ash is accompanied by thick slag formation. Thus, servicing the gas-generators would require many attendants. 42/49178

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001858220005-0

USTINOV, A.Ya.; ZHAK, N.F.

Using carbon dioxide to combat rodents at the Orekhovo-Zuyevo Cold Storage plant. Khol. tekh. 38 no.6:50-51 N-D 161.

(Orekhovo-Zuyevo-Cold storage warehouses)
(Rodent control)

L 27345-66 SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/003/0079/0079 AP6007699 ACC NR: AUTHORS: Petrov, G. N.; Nikolayevskiy, Ye. V.; Suyetin, V. A.; Ustinov, A. P.; Kozlyaninov, T. P.; Kazakov, B. R. ORG: none TITLE: A device for balancing three-dimensional mechanisms with nonparallel rotation axes of the components. Class 42, No. 178542 /announced by Moscow Higher Engineering College im. N. E. Bauman (Moskovskoye vyssheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche)/ SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 3, 1966, 79 TOPIC TAGS: measuring instrument, static load test, dynamic stress ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a device for balancing three-dimensional mechanisms with nonparallel rotation axes of the components. The device contains a platform with six degrees of freedom and a measuring unit (see Fig. 1.). The design provides simultaneous measuring of the static, dynamic, and axial components of unbalance in the mechanisms. The measurement unit of the device includes three unbalance sensing elements. The axis of sensitivity of one of the sensing elements VDC: 620.1.05:531.24 Card 1/2

